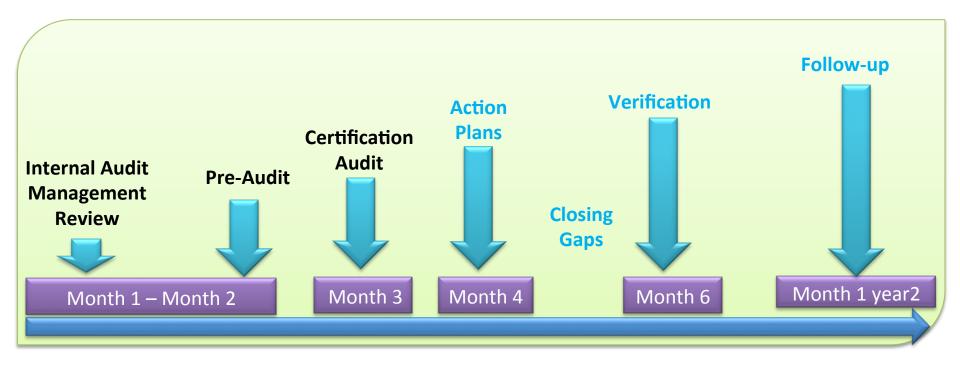


# **Certification Process**



## Relevant steps:

- ✓ Defining scope of ISMS
- ✓ Defining scope of the certification audit
- ✓ Elaboration of the statement of applicability
- ✓ Internal audits of the ISMS
- ✓ Auditor training
- ✓ Management review

# Key Benefits of ISO 27001 Certification



- Strengthen securities market confidence
- Mitigate cyber security risks
- Compliance with cyber resilience in financial market infrastructures IOSCO Guide
- Regulatory compliance
  - Electronic invoicing
  - ONAC Accreditation
  - CE052/042
  - Decree 2364 2012

# CYBER RISKS: Guidance on Cyber Resilience for Financial Market Infrastructures - IOSCO:



- **Learning and Evolving:** Culture of cyber risk awareness whereby its resilience posture, at every level, is regularly and frequently reevaluated.
- **Situational awareness:** Understanding of the cyber threat within which it operates, and the implications of being in that environment for its business and the adequacy of its cyber risk mitigation measures.
- **Testing:** All elements of a cyber resilience framework should be rigorously tested to determine their overall effectiveness before being deployed within an FMI, and regularly thereafter.
- **Identification:** Identify which of the critical operations and supporting information assets should, in order of priority, be protected against compromise.
- **Protection:** Cyber resilience depends on effective security controls and system and process design that protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of an FMI's assets and services.
- **Detection:** Ability to recognise signs of a potential cyber incident, or detect that an actual breach has taken place
- **Governance**: Cyber governance refers to the arrangements a company has put in place to establish, implement and review its approach to managing cyber risks.
- **Recovery**: Ability to resume critical operations rapidly, safely, and with accurate data.

## CYBER - RESILIENCE GUIDE - IOSCO

## Strengths:

- <u>ISO 27001 Certified:</u> Being an ISO 27001 certified Company eases and favors compliance with any other international standard as this particular certification covers extensively information security risk mitigation.
- <u>Cybersecurity risk management:</u> A complete support in cybersecurity risk management is observed as the Company addresses other related companies within the stock market ecosystem.



- <u>Business continuity</u>: Efforts along business continuity are evident and they demonstrate commitment
  in guaranteeing availability of information in each of the services that support business processes.
- <u>Full Company cooperation</u>: It is observed that all areas of DECEVAL are involved in order to respond in a timely manner to an information security incident.
- <u>Trained Personnel</u>: A full commitment in training for cybersecurity incidents, throughout the Company, is observed and embedded within security culture.

## CYBER – RESILIENCE GUIDE - IOSCO

## **Principal opportunities for improvement:**

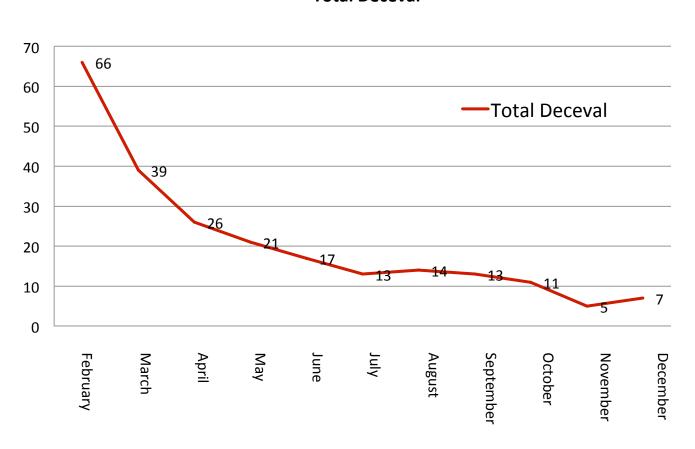
- Sharing information regarding threats and vulnerabilities
   with the market: Demonstrated efforts are shown for
   cooperation between other companies within the market.
   But nevertheless, a formal joint process may be needed to
   identify and mitigate threats and vulnerabilities which
   represent a risk for the industry.
- Involve authorities in threat and vulnerability information sharing: Even though DECEVAL is present in cybersecurity meetings with the Ministry of Defense, it is advised to formalize partnerships with authorities for cybersecurity threat and vulnerability sharing.



<u>Greater SOC Scope</u>: It is strongly recommended to integrate today's SOC service (limited to firewalls)
with the correlation tool used by DECEVAL (Qradar), bringing together more visibility with more
critical assets, improving threat detection and prevention capability, and applying cybersecurity
intelligence procedures.

# **Monitoring Secure Password 2014**

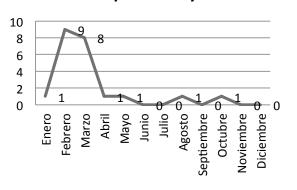




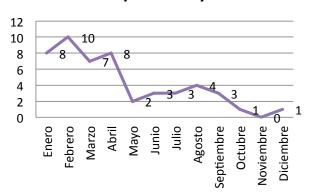
Month	% Unsafe
February	35.83%
March	20.53%
April	13.20%
May	10.66%
June	8.63%
July	6.40%
August	6.90%
September	6.40%
October	5.42%
November	2.46%
December	3.45%

## **Example Statistics Unsafe Passwords**

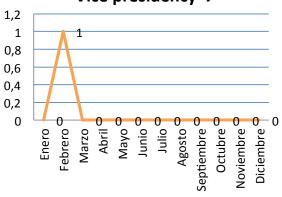
Vice presidency 5



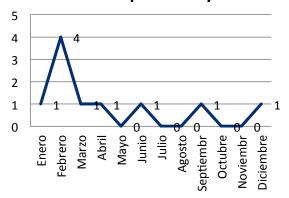
Vice presidency 6



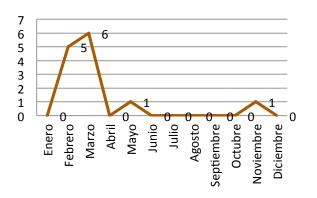
Vice presidency 7



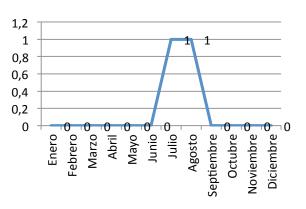
Vice presidency 9



Vice presidency 10



Vice presidency 11



## **ACTIVITIES WITH INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USERS DECEVAL**

# MAIN APPROACHES

- Password management
- Workshop: secure passwords
- Personal Information Management
- Measuring compliance
- Specialized training
- Specialized tests
- Monthly Statistics
- Reporting to senior management



## PROVIDER RISK LEVEL ASSESSMENT

**Phase1:** Criteria for the selection of suppliers with a higher level of exposure to Information Security, Corporate Security and Business

Continuity risks

1			10%		10%		10%		10%		10%		10%		TOTAL	DESCRIPCIÓN
2	Nombre del Proveedor	3	TIENE ACCESO A INFORMACIÓN PRIVADA DE DECEVAL	4	LA INDISPONIBILID AD DE SUS SERVICIOS GENERA INDISPONI BILIDAD DE UN SERVICIO COPE- DE DECEVAL	5	PRESTA SOPORTE SOBRE UN APLICATIVO DE NIVEL 1 O ALGUNO DE SUS COMPONENTES	6	NO EXISTE EN EL MERCADO OTRO PROVEEDOR QUE PRESTE ESTE SERVICIO	7	EL PROVEEDOR ASUME UN PROCESO DE DECEVAL DE FORMA TERCERIZADA		EL SERVICIO INCLUYE PERSONAL EN SITIO PERMANENTE O TEMPORAL CON ASIGNACIÓN DE TARJET		EVALUACIÓN TOTAL	DESCRIPCIÓN
57	SISTEMAS INTEGRALES DE INFORMACION SISA	0%	×	10%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%	10%	Riesgo Tolerable
58	TELMEX COLOMBIA SA	0%		0%	×	10%	×	10%		0%	×	10%		0%	Su."	Riesgo Moderado
59	SERTISOFT SA	20%		0%	×	10%	×	10%	×	10%	×	10%		0%	70%	ru. sao Alto
60	GETRONICS COLOMBIA LTDA	20%	×	10%	×	10%	×	10%		0%	×	10%	×	10%	90%	Riesgo Critico

**Risk Level:** 

76% to 100%: Critical From 51% to 75%: High From 26% to 50%: Moderate From 0% to 25%: Tolerable

Frequency of Visit:

Red: Semester Orange: Annual Yellow: Bi-Annual

Green: Never

Prioritization ranges and periodicity of visits will be explained in the next slide.

**Phase 2:** Preparation of the questionnaire on Information Security, Corporate Security and Business Continuity to Suppliers.

14	Preguntas Estándar Cuestionario de Riesgos a Proveedores										
15											
16	1.0	Políticas, normas, estándares, procesos y procedimientos	Respuesta del Proveedor								
17	1.1	¿Tiene políticas, normas, estándares, procesos y procedimientos documentados de Seguridad de la Información y Continiudad del Negocio?	No posee políticas específicas de Seguridad de la Información ni de Continuidad del Negocio, tampoco normas o Información documentada.								

**Phase 3:** Visits to each of the suppliers with the highest exposure to the risk of Information Security, Corporate Security and Business Continuity



### Notify / Invite

 Report on auditing and invite the areas involved.



#### Execution

 Visit to the supplier and application of the Risk questionnair



### Report

 Consolidation and dissemination of results with areas involved.



Presentation to the Risk Committee

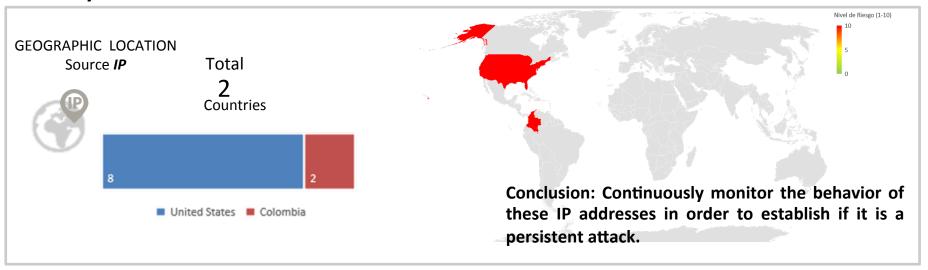
 Presentation of results and decision making

## **Cyber Security Monitoring 2017**

## January 2017



## February 2017



# ACSDA General Assembly 2017 La Paz – Bolivia

